THE [*Numb.* 861.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the lateſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *November* 5, 1761.

PRAGUE, July 27.

THE Empreſs-Queen has wrote a Letter to Baron Laudohn, wherein ſhe gives him full Power to give Battle, or decline it, as he ſhall judge proper. This Power extends to the military Operations in general, and at the ſame Time the Officers under this General are very ſeriouſly enjoined to behave well; her Imperial Majeſty declaring, that they ſhall be rewarded or puniſhed, according to the ſaid General's Report of their Conduct.

Altona, [*ſubject to the King of Denmark, two Miles N. W. of Hamburgh.*] *Auguſt* 1. The laſt Letters from Saxony do not bring Advice of any material Alteration in the Poſition of the Armies in that Electorate; yet they ſay, that the Army of the Empire having ſummoned Leipſic to ſurrender, the Pruſſian Commandant ſent Word to Marſhal Serbelloni, "That the King his Maſter had given him no other Orders than to defend himſelf:" And immediately after the ſaid Commandant fixed combuſtible Matters to the Houſes of the Suburbs, and ordered the Inhabitants to lay in Proviſions for three Months; and that all uſeleſs Mouths muſt be forthwith turned out of the City.

From the Oder, Auguſt 4. Part of the Ruſſian grand Army has advanced to Hundfeld, within a German Mile of Breſlau. A Body of 1800 of their Troops paſſed the Oder, with a View to attempt ſomething againſt the advanced Poſts of Knoblauch's Corps; but General Tauenzien, Commandant of Breſlau, having ſent out 2000 Men againſt them, with ſome Cannon, they were ſoon obliged to retire with Loſs. As to Breſlau, the Fortifications having been repaired and augmented, and well garriſoned, and moreover covered by Knoblauch's Corps, the Inhabitants think the Ruſſians can do them no great harm.

The King's Army, reinforced by Ziethen's Corps, ſtill encamps at Oppersdorff and Neuſtadt, watching the Motions of the Auſtrian Army. General Laudohn does not ſeem diſpoſed to remove farther from the Mountains into the Country. The Ruſſian grand Army remains at Namſlau, ſeeming to conceal, by Marches and Countermarches, the real Drift of it's Operations.

Belgarden, [*a Town of Eaſtern Pomerania, in Germany, ſubject to the King of Pruſſia,*] *Auguſt* 8. We have juſt received Advice, that the Ruſſian Fleet has landed at Lugenſwalden 4000 Men, to aſſiſt in the Siege of Colberg.

Berlin, Auguſt 8. According to Advices of the firſt Inſt. the Swediſh Army have pitched their Tents near Bartow. Colonel Belling ſtill occupied Malchin, Treptow, and the Paſſes along Lake Tollenſec. Count Heſſenſtein, a Swediſh general Officer, was detached the 31ſt of July, with 400 Men, in order to ſurprize Belling's Corps. Major Hohendorff, who encamps with 200 Pomeranian Huſſars at Friedland, let Major Schwantz ſile off quietly with the Enemy's Van by the Paſs of Kavel, and then attacked them ſo briſkly, that he killed one Officer and 30 Men, took 20 more, and purſued the reſt beyond the Paſs; after which Count Heſſenſtein retired to Bartow. Our Loſs amounts to no more than three Men killed, and two wounded.—There is a conſiderable Deſertion among the Swediſh Troops.

FROM THE *LONDON* GAZETTE, *Auguſt* 8.

Copy of a Letter from Eſchwergue, July 21.

"Colonel Freytag having marched the 18th from Eimbeck to Langerſhauſen, with three Brigades of Chaſſeurs, he detached on the 19th the Captains Kampen and Engell, with 100 Horſe, towards Fulde, in order to divert the Enemy in that Quarter.

"This Detachment marched for that Purpoſe, at Daybreak, from Langerſhauſen. Being arrived at Allendorff, they paſſed the Werra about Noon, and poſted themſelves in a Wood, at a League's Diſtance from Rothenbourg; where they took, on the 20th, three French Commiſſaries, and ſet Fire to ſome Boats laden with Flour and Oats.

"Captain Engell ſet out, with 80 Horſe, to deſtroy the Enemy's Magazines at Hirſchfeldt: He met in his Way 26 Boats laden with Flour, Oats, Balls, Bombs, and 240 Barrels of Powder, which he threw into the River Fulde, and ſet Fire to the Boats.

"According to the Advices he had, the Garriſon of Hirſchfeldt was ſuppoſed to conſiſt only of 200 Men, which induced Captain Engell to make his Diſpoſitions (after having cut his Way through the Guard) for attacking the Place.

"Some Chaſſeurs and Huſſars appearing in thoſe Parts, in the Evening the Commandant had doubled the Guard and the Picquet, poſted at the Gates of the Town. He had alſo ordered 60 Dragoons from Melſungen, who arrived at Hirſchfeldt about Three in the Morning. Notwithſtanding this Captain Engell cauſed the Gate to be forced by a Lieutenant, who cut his Way thro' the Guard, and penetrated into the City; but finding the Enemy's Infantry very alert, and that they fired upon him briſkly from the Houſes, he was obliged to retire. Captain Engell attacked at the ſame Time the Picquet, whoſe Officer and 30 Men threw themſelves into a Barrack, which was thatched with Straw, and ſerved as an Office to the Keepers of their Magazines. Capt. Engell ſummoned, at ſeveral Times, that Party to ſurrender, and to lay down their Arms; which they refuſing to do, he ſet Fire to the Barrack, and cut all the Picquet to Pieces, except four Men, to whom his People gave Quarter. Five Men, who remained too long in the Barrack, periſhed there, as well as the Store-keeper, and his Office, according to the Priſoners Report. Captain Engell having got rid of the Picquet, and meeting with no other Obſtacle, cauſed the Hay, lodged along the Fulde, to be ſet on Fire; and likewiſe about 20 Links of burning Pitch, to be faſtened to the Sacks of Meal and Oats. This Fire communicated itſelf to many Barrels of Powder (of which there was a great Quantity on the Bank of the River) and blew them up. If Captain Engell had had a greater Force, he would have been able to have thrown many thouſand Bombs, and large Balls, into the River.

"The whole Loſs attending this Expedition, conſiſted only in one Horſe, and one Man wounded in the Hand, by a Thruſt of a Bayonet. On the other Hand, he made Priſoners 14 Men, one Commiſſary of War, named Monferant, one Commis, two Lieutenants, and Lieutenant Col. Stutterheim, of the Saxon Regiment of Prince Joſeph; all which he brought off with him. He rejoined Capt. Kampen at Heimbach, from whence they ſet out together, arrived here on the 21ſt, at eight o'Clock in the Morning, and were to repaſs the Werra at two o'Clock. That Detachment having marched 19 German Miles and an Half, in 48 Hours, the Horſes could not but be extremely fatigued."

[*Thus far the Gazette.*]

LONDON, July 31.

There was Advice at the Cape, that the Storm of the firſt of January had deſtroyed four of the Capital Ships of the French, at the Iſland of Mauritius.

Auguſt 15. *Particular Letters from Sileſia mention, that the Auſtrian and Ruſſian Armies, when joined, will amount to* 154,000 *Men, and the Pruſſians to* 94,000.

The Poſtſcript of a Letter from a Hanoverian Officer at Warbourg, dated the 6th *Inſtant, at one o'Clock in the Morning, concludes with this Paſſage: "A great Part of Yeſterday we were alarmed with a warm Cannonading, which muſt be between our Troops (the Allied Army) and that of M. Broglio, who, we hear, is determined to ſtand his Ground, and engage our Army, at all Events.*

It is ſaid, a Copy of the Treaty of Alliance between the Ottoman Porte and his Pruſſian Majeſty, has been tranſmitted to our Court within a few Days paſt.

We hear that ſeveral new Preliminary Articles, in Relation to the Baſis for ſetting on Foot the Congreſs for a Peace, are now under the Conſideration of the Courts of Great-Britain and France.

The formidable *Prames and flat-bottomed Boats of France, having tried their Strength againſt ſome of our Men of War, and experienced the Vanity and Futility of the Contrivance, it is to be preſumed they will come out no more in Day-light; but the rare Inventors of them will probably give out, that they reſerve them for an Invaſion in the long Nights, in November or December next; or, in other Words, to make us a preſent of a few Thouſand Priſoners.*

The laſt Letters from Hanover ſay, that the Garriſon of Gottingen had juſt been reinforced with 4000 *French Troops.*

On the 18th *of June another terrible Earthquake happened at Liſbon, which ſhook the whole City in an amazing Manner.*

The Diſcourſe here, touching a Peace is much divided; one Party imagine it is near approaching, whilſt the other give out, the Conferences will ſoon be proved ineffectual: In the mean Time, ſome ſhort Space will determine this critical Affair. 'Tis certain that no Ceſſation of Hoſtilities will at preſent be agreed upon by this Court.

The King of Pruſſia's March to Munſterberg, where he ſurprized the Quarter-maſter's Guard, and a Part of the Baggage of General Laudohn's Army, does him as much Honour as any Thing that has happened during the War. It has entirely diſappointed the Junction, as his very next March under the Cannon of Neiſs has ſpoiled the Scheme of beſieging that Fortreſs; ſo that now Count Laudohn thinks of attacking Schweidnitz, while the Ruſſians beſiege Breſlau. In ſhort, the King is not to be attacked; and if the Rains ſhould come on, he may lie by, and ſee his Enemies beat by the Weather.

The Marſhal Duke de Broglio is retired towards Caſſel, from whence it is thought he will ſend a Detachment to join the Army of the Empire, who have been lately ruffled by the Pruſſian General Kleiſt. The Imperial and Royal Army have ſpared them ſome Proviſions; but as to Arms and Cloaths, they are ſtill in a bad Way. Rumour ſays, for Rumour will Talk, that Marſhal Daun is out of Humour or out of Spirits; that Count Laudohn is out of Luck; that Marſhal Duke de Broglio has deſired to be recalled; and, in ſhort, that the Devil, called Diſcord, raiſed no Doubt by ſome Pruſſian Conjuror, is like to defeat all the Plans of the Empire, formed in the Winter at Vienna.

Some Letters from Paris ſay, that with a View to put an End to Diſputes, and to revive the Spirits of the French Army, the Prince of Conti is to be ſent into Germany, a great Miniſter to be removed, and a great Lady to be ſent to a Nunnery. The two firſt are ſaid to be founded in Truth; but the latter is no more than a popular Report.

Letters from Dantzick of the 28th adviſe, that the Ruſſian Fleet, after being twice put back to that Port, was at length arrived before Colberg, which was preparing to make a vigorous Defence: But that the Ruſſian Commanders had Orders to level the whole Town with the Ground, if it ſhould obſtinately refuſe to ſurrender.

It is ſaid, that upwards of 2000 French have deſerted to the Allied Army in ſix Days Time.

The Accounts from the Prince de Soubiſe's Army ſay, that Prince was drawing nearer the Rhine. His Army had ſuffered greatly by Deſertion, and Bread and Meal ſtill continued at Eight-pence a Pound.

Auguſt 18. We here that the Order iſſued out laſt Week for impreſſing Men, is limited at 5000.

The impreſſing Men for the Land as well as the Sea Service continues, on Account of the Equipment of ſeveral more Men of War, and the ſending more Troops to Germany, to act againſt the French, &c. and a Report continues, that a powerful Fleet will be ſent to the Baltic, in Behalf of the King of Pruſſia.

The Queen's Regiment of Royal Volunteers, ordered to be raiſed, is given to Major Wedderburn who brought the firſt Account of the late Battle in Germany.

By the laſt Mail there is Advice, that Prince Ferdinand had wrote two Letters with his own Hand, one to General Luckner, and the other to Colonel Freytag, thanking them in a particular Manner for the great Service they had done, in deſtroying the Enemy's Magazines; and at the ſame Time aſſuring them, they ſhould, in a particular Manner, be recommended to his Majeſty.

The Ocean of 90 *Guns, the Blenheim of* 90, *the Africa of* 64 *(all new Ships never yet at Sea) and the Cornwall of* 64, *are fitting out for public Service.*

Auguſt 20. *Yeſterday there was a Cabinet Council at St. James's, at which the Earl of Bute, Mr. Secretary Pitt, Lord Viſcount Ligonier, Duke of Newcaſtle, Earl of Hardwicke, and ſeveral other Lords, aſſiſted.*

According to Letters received Yeſterday from Lord Harcourt, our intended Queen was to embark as this Day; and the Wind being at preſent very fair, her Arrival at Greenwich may be expected on Sunday or Monday next. She will ſtay there one Night, and then proceed to St. James's.

Yeſterday a poor Man, who had been ſeized by a very ſtrong Preſs-gang, offered to lay them a Wager, that if they would leave him but one Hand at Liberty, they would not be able to hold him for three Minutes. The Challenge being accepted, the Jacks all got round him, expecting to ſee him attempt an Eſcape, in order to prevent which, ſome held by the Collar, others by the Arm, others by the Shoulder, and all by ſome Part keeping him fixed among them, as faſt as if he had been in a Vice; when the poor Man very calmly putting his Hand into his Pocket, drew out a Protection, at the Sight of which they marched off, confeſſing he had won the Wager, and left him to purſue his own Buſineſs.

ST. CHRISTOPHERS, September 19.

Upon the 10th *Inſtant was brought into the Road of Baſſeterre, in this Iſland, by the Brigantine Privateer Dutcheſs of Hamilton of Barbados, Capt. Wilſon, a French Snow, with a few Hogſheads of Sugar, and ſome Coffee on board. She was going from St. Pierre, in Martinico, to another Port in that Iſland, to take in a Cargo.*

Upon the 14th *Inſtant came in the Ship Forman Caſtle, of Briſtol, which had been taken by a French Privateer, and retaken by his Majeſty's Ship Roſe, Francis Banks, Eſq; Commander. This Ship was bound to Jamaica, from the Coaſt of Guincy. The Privateer had taken out all the Negroes, before Capt. Banks ſaw the Ship; but there is a Parcel of Elephants Teeth on board.*

Upon the 17th *Inſtant came in a French Schooner, bound to the Granades from St. Euſtatia, with Proviſions, and taken by the Privateer Sloop Lightning, of Barbados, Capt. Caſtle.*

ST. JOHN'S (in Antigua) October 6.

Since our laſt arrived here a Brigantine, taken by Captain Tucker, of the Privateer Nelly, belonging to this Place; and a Sloop, taken by his Majeſty's Ship the Culloden.

CHARLES-TOWN, in South-Carolina, September 23.

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, the 19th Day of Sept. 1761.

ORDERED,

THAT the Meſſage preſented this Day to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, from this Houſe, in Anſwer to his Honour's Meſſage of the 15th Inſtant, be Printed in both the Gazettes of this Province: And that the Clerk do give each of the Printers a Copy of the ſaid Meſſage for that Purpoſe. THOMAS BROMLEY, Clerk of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly.

May it pleaſe your Honour,

YOUR Meſſage of the 15th Inſtant, with the important Papers accompanying it, gives us the higheſt Proof of your warmeſt Intentions for the Welfare of the Province; and the preſent Inſtance of your Honour's Condeſcention, in adviſing with this Houſe in Matters relating to War and Peace, the undoubted Prerogative of the Crown, we ſhall always remember with the greateſt Satisfaction.

We are ſorry to find ourſelves obliged, by the Neceſſities and particular Circumſtances of the Province, to adviſe your Honour to recede from the firſt, and what you conſidered as the grand Article, that muſt be inſiſted on to ſatisfy our Honour, and ſhew to the World an evident Acknowledgment of our Superiority in Arms, and at the ſame Time revenge the Blood of our Fellow Subjects the late unhappy Garriſon of Fort Loudoun.

We flatter ourſelves we do not err, when we think, that no Province in America can have exerted themſelves more vigorouſly than we have done this Year; and with the Aſſiſtance his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to afford us, we had the greateſt Reaſon to Hope, a ſolid and laſting Peace would have been the happy Concluſion of the Campaign;

especially as the commanding Officer had declared, that "he "would not agree to any Terms till he was in the Center of "the Cherokee Nation, and that no Preliminaries should "ever be signed by him but in one of their *Town-Houses*." Had this been done by a speedy, and, we may say, generally expected, March to the Valley, since the Army's Return to Keowee, we flatter ourselves we should not be reduced to this disagreeable Necessity, of advising your Honour to accept a Peace, upon Terms so precarious, and less honourable than we had Reason to expect: But notwithstanding these Expectations, we have Foundation to think, by Colonel Byrd's Letter to your Honour, dated only 17 Days after Colonel Grant's Return to Keowee, that a Peace was *determined* upon; for Colonel Byrd says, "My Orders were to "co-operate with and assist Colonel Grant: That Gentle- "man writes me, he has compleated his Work already; so "that could I proceed, I should not answer that End." We dread the unhappy Consequences that may attend Col. Grant's depending too much on the Importance of destroying the Middle-Towns; a Thing he made light of last Year, for in the Letter your Honour then laid before this House, dated 3d July, 1760, he says, "destroying an Indian Town "may be Creditable; but, in Fact, 'tis a Matter of no "Consequence, when the Savages have Time to carry off "their Effects." Again, "we could have gone to any "Town in their Nation; but, we should have had a Brush "to get at it, and then we should have found it, or indeed "rather them, *all* abandoned," which was the Case this Year. We conceive, that the only Thing in a Cherokee War, that will have any Effect to bring those Savages to a firm and lasting Peace, is, to destroy as many of their *People* as we can, and when an Opportunity offers so to do, to miss it by no Means, which, we fear, has been too much the Case in the late Expedition and defensive Action; and we are not without our Apprehensions, that your Honour's Information, that "their young Men entertain no very respecta- "ble Opinion or Dread of the English Manner of fighting "Indians, though our Numbers are formidable," may be too well grounded. From these Reasons, as the Province is already greatly loaded with Taxes, and as we have little Prospect of the War being carried on in a different, and what we conceive more effectual, Manner than hitherto has been done; or that the Colonel of the Provincial Regiment, though of great Influence, Merit, and Abilities, and well acquainted with the Interest of the Province, and the *proper* Manner of treating the Cherokees, will ever be consulted; we are reduced to the Necessity of advising your Honour, to agree to a Peace, upon the Terms proposed by your Honour, in your Letter to Col. Grant of the 14th April last, except as to the first and ninth Articles, adding in the second Article, after the Word Prisoners, the Word "Negroes;" leaving out in the third Article, the Words "for Protection of our Traders there;" and adding at the latter Part of that Article, "and that the Head or Scalp of the Murderer be brought to "the Commander of the next English Fort." And we beg Leave to recommend to your Honour another Article, to the following Effect: "That, to prevent, as much as may be, "any Disturbances that may arise between the Cherokees "and the White People on the Back-Settlements, no Che- "rokee Indians shall come down into this Province, within "the Limits of Twenty-six Mile River, on any Pretence "whatsoever, without some white Person in Company; or "unless by the Order or Permission of this Government; "and that all white Men, whether French or English, who "have been amongst the Cherokees, and have aided and "assisted them during the late War, shall be delivered up."

This House has resolved to make Provision for the Pay of four Companies of Rangers, upon the present Establishment, with a Major-Commandant, until the first Day of January next, if their Service should be thought so long Necessary; but we beg Leave to inform your Honour, that we will not make any Provision for garrisoning of Fort Loudoun, in Case it should be delivered up by the Indians.

By Order of the House,

BENJAMIN SMITH, Speaker.

In the Commons House of Assembly,
the 19th Day of Sept. 1761.

Attakullakulla, accompanied by eight other Cherokee Indians, among whom are Old Cæsar, the Raven of Noockassee, the Raven of Tocksoey, &c. were, by order of the Governor, carried by Capt. Stuart, on Sunday the 13th, from Goose-Creek to Ashley-Ferry. Attakullakulla has full Powers from his Nation to treat of and conclude a Peace; and was pitched upon by them as the Indian this Government would pay most Attention to on Account of his inviolated Attachment: And fatal Experience having at last convinced them, that he knows their true Interest best, they implicitly confide in his Conduct. On Tuesday 15th he had a Conference with the Governor, when he produced his full Powers from the different Towns, which, as the Indians have not the Use of Letters, consisted of Belts of Wampum. On Monday last Attakullakulla came to Town, and Yesterday had a public Audience of the Governor in Council, when the following was agreed to:

The TERMS of PEACE to be Granted to the CHEROKEE INDIANS.

WHEREAS War has subsisted for some Time past between the Cherokee Indians, and his Majesty's Subjects, particularly of the Provinces of Virginia, North and South-Carolina: And whereas the said Cherokee Indians have applied to me for Peace, by Attakullakulla, one of their principal Headmen, specially deputed and authorised for that Purpose, and they having by their said Deputy expressed their earnest Desire that an End may be put to the War, and Peace restored; which Application I having duly considered, and being desirous to deliver the said Indians from the Hardships and Distresses which the said War has brought upon them, as well as to remove the Inconveniences which attend his Majesty's Subjects, whilst they are engaged in such a War; I have therefore thought proper to grant them a Peace on the Conditions contained in the several Articles hereafter set down. And,

It is hereby stipulated between me the Honourable William Bull, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Province of South-Carolina, on Behalf of his Majesty, and the said Attakullakulla, on Behalf of the Cherokee Indians, that Peace shall be restored, confirmed and established between his Majesty's Subjects and the Cherokee Indians—which Peace, it is intended, shall endure as long as the Sun shall shine, and Rivers continue to run into the Sea.

ARTICLE I. All English Prisoners, Negroes, Horses and Cattle, in their Possession, to be delivered up immediately to Col. Grant.

II. Fort Loudoun, and the Cannon belonging thereto, now lying at Chote, to be delivered up to any Persons sent to take Charge of them; and any Forts shall be built hereafter, in the Cherokee Nation, when the same is thought necessary by the English.

III. The Cherokees shall not admit any Frenchmen into their Nation, and if any should come, the Cherokees shall assist us, at least shall not pretend to interpose their Protection, to prevent us, when we think proper, to apprehend the Frenchmen.

IV. Any Indian who Murders any of his Majesty's Subjects, shall be immediately put to Death by the Cherokees, as soon as the Murder and Murderer are known in the Cherokee Nation, and that the Head or Scalp of the Murderer be brought to the Commander of the next English Fort.

V. The Cherokees shall not Hunt to the Eastward of 26 Mile River, nor the English to the Westward of it, to prevent any Quarrels or Mischief that may be occasioned from the Hunting Parties meeting in the Woods.

VI. That to prevent, as much as may be, any Disturbances that may arise between the Cherokees and the White People on the back Settlements, no Cherokee Indian shall come down into this Province, within the Limits of Twenty-six Mile River, on any pretence whatsoever, without some white Person in Company, or unless by the Order or Permission of this Government; and that all white Men, whether French or English, who have been amongst the Cherokees, and have aided and assisted them, during the late War, shall be delivered up.

VII. The Cherokees shall not molest the Creatures belonging to, nor trespass on the Grounds necessary for Planting and Pasturage for the Use of the Garrison of Forts built, or to be built, in their Nation.

VIII. The Catawbas and Chickesaws to be comprehended in this Peace.

IX. That all the Cherokee Prisoners we have taken, shall be restored.

X. Our Friendship shall be granted to them; a firm Peace shall be made and finally ratified in Charlestown; Trade shall be renewed, and plenty of Goods sent up to be exchanged for their Skins, to supply their Wants.

XI. And as equal Justice is the surest Foundation of a lasting Peace, it shall be agreed, that when an Englishman Murders a Cherokee, the Cherokees shall not put him to Death, but he shall be delivered to the Officer of the Fort, sent Prisoner to Charlestown, and there tried according to our Laws; and if found Guilty, to be executed in Presence of some Cherokees, if they desire to be present: And when the Cherokees think they are injured by the English in their Nation, the Cherokees are not to take Revenge themselves, but shall make Complaint to the Commander of the next English Fort, to be from thence transmitted to the English Governor, who will right them therein, according to our Laws: And when the Cherokees injure any English among them, on Complaint thereof, the Cherokees shall Right the Injured; thus the Guilty will only be punished on both Sides; thus Friendship, Peace, and Trade will be preserved; but when they cease to observe this Treaty, Friendship, Peace, and Trade will also cease.

XII. That Attakullakulla communicate these Stipulations to the Nation on his Return, and acquaint them, that in order to have these Articles of Peace finally ratified and confirmed, so that our old Friendship may be renewed, and last as long as the Sun shines, and Rivers run; some of the Headmen from the Upper, the Valley, the Middle and Lower Settlements, shall come down to Charlestown, and confirm these Stipulations, and then settle such Matters as concern the Trade to be carried on with their Nation.

In Testimony whereof, both Parties have hereunto interchangeably set their Hands; and I, the said William Bull, have caused the great Seal of this his Majesty's said Province to be hereunto affixed, this 23d Day of Sept. in the Year of our Lord 1761, and in the first Year of his Majesty's Reign,

WILLIAM BULL.

I ATTAKULLAKULLA do accept of the foregoing Terms of Peace, on Behalf of the Cherokee Nation.

his
ATTAKUL⊕LAKULLA.
Mark.

This Day Attakullakulla had his last public Audience, when he Signed the Terms of Peace, and received an authenticated Copy under the great Seal, and Signed by the Governor. He earnestly requested that Capt. John Stuart might be made Chief White Man in their Nation; he said all the Indians love him, and there would never be any Uneasiness if he were there: He promised to return in six Weeks with other Headmen. This faithful Indian afterwards dined with his Honour the Governor, and To morrow sets out for his own Country. He has received several Presents, as a Mark of the Regard this Government has for him in particular, for his unaltered Fidelity and Attachment: The other Indians received only some necessary Cloathing for themselves, of which they were in great Want.

BOSTON, *October* 19.

About a Fortnight ago a melancholy Affair happened at the Eastward. Mr. Small, an ingenious and approved Surveyor, being employed by the Government to reconnoitre and explore that Part of the Country which lies between Fort Halifax on Kennebeck River, and the River Chaudre, and so on to Quebec; he was attended by Captain Howard, and a Party of Nine Men, and set out from the Fort upon that Business; but when they had got about 120 Miles distance, one Day, about 12 o'Clock, Mr. Small being within some Bushes taking an Observation, one of the Men perceived a rustling, and something move, apprehended it to be some wild Beast, unhappily fired, and shot him dead upon the Spot.

NEW-YORK, *October* 22.

Since our last arrived his Majesty's Ship the Alcide, Capt. ———, of 64 Guns, on board of which came Passengers, the Right Hon. William Alexander, Earl of Sterling; his Excellency Josiah Hardy, Esq; Governor of New-Jersey, with his Lady and Family; Jared Ingersol, Esq; late Agent at London, from the Colony of Connecticut; —— Temple, Esq; Surveyor-General of his Majesty's Customs of Boston, and other Gentlemen.

Two Regiments of the Regulars came down from Albany on Sunday and Monday last, and most of them immediately embarked on board the Transports.

We hear that Messieurs EDES and GILL, Printers in Boston, have drawn the 3500 Dollars in the Prince-Town College Lottery.

One of the Officers who fought a Duel about ten Days ago near this City, is since dead of his Wound; but before he died, acknowledged himself the Aggressor.

Since our last his Majesty's 17th Regiment arrived here from Albany, and immediately encamped on Nutten-Island.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 5.

On Monday last came on the Election of Representatives for this *(Anne-Arundel)* County, and on Tuesday Afternoon the Poll was closed, when the Four following Gentlemen were Declared duly Elected, *viz.* Messieurs *Brice Thomas Beale Worthington*, *John Hammond*, *Henry Hall*, and *Thomas Johnson*, junior.

The following Gentlemen are chosen for *Queen-Anne's* County; Messieurs *Robert Lloyd*, *Edward Tilghman*, *James Hollyday*, and *Thomas Wright*.

For *Talbot*; Messrs. *John Goldsborough*, *Pollard Edmondson*, *William Thomas*, and *James Tilghman*.

For *Dorchester*; Col. *Henry Hooper*, Messieurs *Daniel Sulivane*, *Joseph Cox Gray*, and *Charles Goldsborough*.

For *Baltimore*; Messieurs *John Paca*, *Thomas Cockey Deye*, *John Hammond Dorsey*, and *Corbin Lee*.

For *Frederick*; Messieurs *Thomas Cresap*, *Thomas Beatty*, *Nathan Magruder*, and *Joseph Chapline*.

The Election in *Prince-George's* County, is to be on Tuesday next.

We have not yet heard from *Cæcil*.

Prince-George's County, *October* 30, 1761.

WANTED,

A MAN, who can be well Recommended for Honesty, Sobriety, and Diligence, and who can Write, and keep a common Account, and is fit to take the Charge of a FERRY and PUBLIC HOUSE, where every Thing necessary will be found by the Employer: Such an one will meet with very good Encouragement by applying to the Subscriber on *Patuxmack* River.

JOHN ADDISON.

Leesburg, (Loudoun County) VIRGINIA.
October 24, 1761.

WHEREAS THOMAS COLVILL, of the 12th Inſtant, Executor in Truſt to the Deceaſed JOHN COLVILL, of *Fairfax* County, in *Virginia*, has without Information to me, given Notice in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, and likewiſe in divers other Places in the Colony of *Virginia*, That the Lands Deviſed from the late JOHN COLVILL, to the Right Honourable CHARLES Earl of TANKERVILLE, are yet ſubject to ſome Debts unpaid: Therefore, as Agent for the ſaid Earl of *Tankerville*, the Subſcriber hereof gives this early Notice to all whom it may concern, not to Treat or Bargain with the ſaid THOMAS COLVILL either in private or public, otherwiſe to be made liable as the Law ſhall direct for ſuch Injuries done: And this further gives Notice, that the ſaid THOMAS COLVILL is now ſerved with a General Court Writ of *Virginia*, to exhibit a more juſt Account of his Management; ſo that this Advertiſement is to adviſe all Perſons whatſoever, not to make any Purchaſe of thoſe Lands mentioned in Queſtion, from THOMAS COLVILL, otherwiſe to ſtand to the bad Conſequence, which muſt certainly entangle them in Difficulties with the Subſcriber.

JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

On Wedneſday the 25th Inſtant, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at the Houſe of Mr. Benjamin Brooke, *at* UPPER MARLBOROUGH,

THE following Parcels of LAND, lying in *Prince-George's* County, *viz.*

One Tract called *Burbridge*, containing 280 Acres; and Part of a Tract called *Land-over*, containing 320½ Acres.

The Title, and Terms of Sale, may be known at any Time, by applying to

WM. TURNOR WOOTTON.

STOLEN out of the Dock at *Annapolis*, on the 31ſt of *October* at Night, a Rowing YAWL, about 15 Feet Keel, 5½ Feet wide, has a black Bottom, and one new Thought.

Whoever will return her to the Subſcriber at *Weſt-River*, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings Reward.

THOMAS NORRIS.

RAN away laſt Saturday Night, from the Ship *Neptune*, *James Cooper*, Commander, lying in the *North Weſt Branch* of *Patapſco*, Four Sailors, *viz.*

Daniel Ferguſon, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, wears his own Hair which is ſhort and ſhocked, and ſtoops in his Walk.

John Bellam, about 30 Years of Age, a thick, well-ſet Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own Hair which is Black, and has a Mole upon his left Cheek. Had on when he went away, a green Jacket, and the reſt of his Dreſs is like a Sailor's. Carp. Mate.

Thomas Woobridge, about 40 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, ſtutters in his Speech, and talks very broad *Scotch*, has ſtrait ſhort black Hair, and a Mole upon one of his Cheeks.

Thomas Greaves, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, wears his own black Hair, and is mark'd with the Small-Pox.

They were all in Sailors Dreſs, and carried the Ship's Yawl with them.

Whoever brings back or ſecures the ſaid Fellows, ſo that the Subſcriber can have them again, ſhall receive TEN PISTOLES Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, from JAMES COOPER.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Peter Hargat*, near the *Katockton* Mountain, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Sorrel Horſey Branded on the Right Shoulder ſomething like I, has much white in his Face, 3 white Feet, a bob Tail, and ſome Saddle Spots on his Back.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *Valentine Creager*, living in *Frederick* County, about Ten Miles from the Town, taken up as a Stray, a large old Bay Gelding, a natural Pacer, has a Blaze in his Face, and no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Foreſt Davis*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle ſiz'd white Mare, a natural Pacer, Branded on the off Thigh C, ſhod Before, had on a good Leather Collar and a large Bell mark'd with R G and a V underneath.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

By Virtue of the Will of Mr. Henry Woodward, *Deceaſed, will be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday the Fifth Day of* December *next, at Mr.* Gaſſaway's *Houſe in* ANNAPOLIS,

THE Dwelling Houſe now in the Occupation of Mr. *William Woodward* in *Annapolis*, and all the Ground adjoining thereto, which belonged to the late Mr. *Woodward*, with the Improvements (except what is leaſed to Mr. *Couden* and Mr. *Chalmers*). There is nearly two Acres of Ground lying on three Streets, in the moſt public Part of the City, has on it a very large genteel and convenient Brick Dwelling-Houſe, a good Brick Kitchen and neat Out-Room adjoining to it; convenient Out-Houſes, and genteel Garden, beſides a ſeparate Tenement that may be rented out for 10 or 12 *l.* by the Year.

The Rent and Reverſion on a Leaſe for 99 Years, renewable forever, of the Ground on which Mr. *James Chalmers's* Dwelling Houſe ſtands. The yearly Rent is 5 *l.* Sterling, and a Year's Rent payable on Renewments.

The Rent and Reverſion on a Leaſe, on the ſame Terms, of the Ground on which Mr. *Robert Couden's* Dwelling Houſe ſtands.

And, about 800 Acres of Land lying within 4 or 5 Miles of *Annapolis*, made up of ſeveral Tracts adjoining to each other, purchaſed by the late Mr. *Woodward* of his Siſters *Mary* and *Elizabeth Woodward*, and of the late Col. *Taſker*; on Part of which Land is the late Governor *Bladen's* Vineyard, about 20 Acres of very good improved Meadow, a very large young Apple Orchard curiouſly aſſorted, many of the Trees being *Engliſh* Grafts, a very good Stone Dwelling Houſe, Brick Kitchen, and other curious as well as valuable Improvements.

The Sales to be in Sterling. Any Perſons that deſign to bid, may be informed of the Title by Mr. *Thomas Johnſon*, junior, in *Annapolis*.

Several likely young Mares of the late Colonel *Taſker's Engliſh* Breed, ſome of them with Foal, and Colts of the ſame Breed, to be ſold by private Sale, may be ſeen at any Time at Mr. *Woodward's* late Dwelling Plantation. MARY WOODWARD.

Nottingham, October 21, 1761.

JUST IMPORTED, 2

In the Hannah, *Capt.* Shannan, *from* LIVERPOOL,

A LARGE Quantity of FINE SALT, to be Sold by the Subſcriber, on very moderate Terms. Any Quantity not leſs than 100 Buſhels, will be delivered at the Ship's Side at One Shilling Sterling *per* Buſhel.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

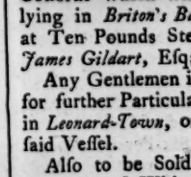
N. B. The *Hannah* will ſtop a few Days to deliver Salt at *Benedict*, a few Days more at *Magruder's* Warehouſe, and from thence will proceed to her Moorings at *Nottingham*.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Houſe of William Brown, *in* London-Town, *on Monday the 9th of* November *next*,

THE Schooner MOLLY, with all her Materials. She is a new Veſſel, well found, about 90 Tons Burthen, now lying at the Rope-Walk at *London-Town*. An Inventory of her Sails and Rigging, *&c.* may be ſeen at the Place of Sale, or by applying to

JAMES DICK,
ROBERT SWAN,
ANTHONY M'CULLOCH.

X 2



The Ship *UPTON*,

SAMUEL PEMBERTON, MASTER, 3

A LETTER of Marque, carrying 17 Carriage Guns, Six and Four Pounders, and 4 Cohorns which will throw Six Pound Shot, now lying in *Briton's Bay*, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſigned to *James Gildart*, Eſq; Merchant in *Liverpool*.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ſhip Tobacco may, for further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber in *Leonard-Town*, or the ſaid Maſter on board the ſaid Veſſel.

Alſo to be Sold by the Subſcriber, a large Quantity of White SALT.

THOMSON MASON.

THE Managers of the Reformed CALVINIST Church LOTTERY, in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, finding that they cannot diſpoſe of the TICKETS in Time to Draw this Month, are obliged to poſtpone the Drawing to the Firſt of *February* next.

3

Rock-Creek, October 9, 1761.

RAN away from the Subſcriber on the 4th Inſtant, a very likely Negro Fellow named *Tom*, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, was imported from *Africa* about 2½ Years ago, but ſpeaks tolerable good *Engliſh*, tho' ſlow, and appears baſhful. He had on when he went away, an over Jacket of dyed Cotton, an under Jacket of Plading, and an Oſnabrigs Shirt and Trowſers; it is imagined that he carried with him ſome ſpare Shirts and Trowſers, as alſo ſome Bed-Cloaths, and as we miſs a Canoe from this Shore, it is ſuſpected that he is gone by Water, eſpecially as he had been uſed to the Water for at leaſt a Year before I purchaſed him, and had in that Time made an Attempt to get to Sea in an open Boat. 3

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and ſecures him ſo that I can have him again, ſhall be paid the Sum of Twenty Shillings if taken within Ten Miles of this Place, Thirty Shillings if Twenty Miles, Forty Shillings if Thirty Miles, Fifty Shillings if Forty Miles, and Three Pounds if at a greater Diſtance, by ROBERT PETER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, *October* 10, 1761.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

James Hall, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, 40 Years of Age, he is narrow Faced, hollow Eyed, and is very remarkable in his Head, having loſt great Part of his Hair by Sickneſs. Had on when he went away, his working Clothes. 4

Henry Jones, about 25 Years of Age, near ſix Feet high, wears his own Hair, he is thin fleſhed, and ſtands pretty upright upon his Legs. He likewiſe had on his working Clothes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and brings them to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive if taken above Ten Miles from home, TEN POUNDS, or Five Pounds for either of them, and reaſonable Charges, paid by CALEB DORSEY.

ALL Perſons Indebted to the Subſcriber on Account of Public Dues, are requeſted to diſcharge them, otherwiſe they muſt expect to be Treated as the Law directs. And thoſe who do not diſcharge their Quit-Rents and Land-Tax at *November* Court, will be Diſtrained on without Diſtinction. X

KENSEY JOHNS, Sheriff of *Anne-Arundel* County.

Townſide, Sept. 8, 1761.

To be LET, upon Leaſe for a Term of Years,

A PLANTATION, STOCK and HANDS, on the *Red-Lyon-Branch*, on *Cheſter* River, in *Queen-Anne's* County, *Maryland*.

The Hands are Slaves; the Stock conſiſts of Horſes, Mares, black Cattle, Sheep, Goats and Swine. The Tenement is under good Fence, the Houſing in good Order. The Tract is 220 Acres, of which about 90 clear'd; but the Tenant will have Liberty to clear new Ground without Reſtraint or Limitation; the Owner being poſſeſſed of 1400 Acres of Wood Land contiguous. There is a young Peach and Plumb Orchard on the Tract, and ſeveral Apple and Cherry Trees. There is a Griſt Mill on the ſame open Ground. 4

The Terms (on Security if required) will not exceed the Worth of the Hire of the Hands, added to the Intereſt of the Value of the Stock, and a moderate Rent.

There is good Fiſhing in Shad and Herring Seaſon, on the Coaſt of this Tract, which is ſurrounded by Merchant Mills and Stores of all Sorts, and an Inſpection Houſe at about a Mile and a Half Diſtance. The Range of Woods is very conſiderable for raiſing of Stock, there being ſome Thouſand Acres of ſuch. H. CALLISTER.

To be LEASED,

And Entered on immediately, for Three Lives,

A VERY choice Tract of LAND, well Watered and Timbered, containing ſeveral Thouſand Acres, belonging to CHARLES, Earl of TANKERVILLE, lying on *Patowmack* River, and chiefly bounded in by *Kittockton* Creek in the County of *Loudoun*, and Colony of *Virginia*. 3

Alſo, a Tract of Land, lying on *Difficult Run* in the ſaid County, famous for the many fine Situations for building Water-Mills, and a conſiderable Quantity of Meadow Ground, only Twelve Miles from Navigation, and Twenty from the Port of *Alexandria*.

Likewiſe, a Tract of Land lying on *Four Mile Run*, endued with the ſame good Qualifications, and diſtant about Six Miles from *Alexandria*.

For further Particulars enquire of Mr. *Fleming Patterſon*, Merchant in *Leeſburg*, in *Loudoun* County, or from the Subſcriber, where Attendance will be given by JOHN PATTERSON, Agent.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *by the Subſcriber, Executor of* WILLIAM DEACON, *Eſq; late of* St. Mary's *County, in the Province of* Maryland, *on* TUESDAY *the 17th of* November *Inſt. at* St. Mary's, *for* London *Bills of Exchange*,

A TRACT of LAND containing about Ninety Acres, ſituate on *St. Mary's* River, on which is a large DWELLING-HOUSE, Four Rooms on a Floor, and fully compleat; likewiſe a good Kitchen, Office, and all other neceſſary Out-Houſes; and Four choice young SLAVES about 20 Years of Age, and a young Child. The Negroes will be ſold with or without the Land. The aforeſaid Land and Negroes are the Property of a Woman between 60 and 70 Years of Age during her natural Life.

Likewiſe another Tract of Land, formerly the Property of the aforeſaid *Deacon*, about a Mile and a Half diſtant from the aforeſaid Tract, containing Two Hundred and Thirty Acres, or thereabouts, lying on *St Inegoes* Creek, and adjoining to the Land of Mr. *William Hicks*.

The Title may be known at any Time, by applying to IGNATIUS FENWICK.

Bladenſburg, October 1ſt, 1761.

A SINGLE MAN, who underſtands Farming and the Management of Negroes, and who can be well recommended for his Sobriety and Induſtry, will meet with great Encouragement as an Overſeer, for the enſuing Year, from

DAVID ROSS.

ALL Perſons who have any Claims againſt the Eſtate of Mr. *Simon Duff*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to the Subſcriber, that the ſame may be adjuſted and paid. And all thoſe who are Indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Adminiſtrator.

September 29, 1761.

The Ship GENERAL WOLFE

JOHN POULTON, MASTER,

IS now lying in *Patuxent* River, off Mr. *John Stone Hawkins*'s ſtore, will take in TOBACCO at Ten Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſign'd to Meſſrs. *Lander & Dingman*, Merchants in *Liverpool*, or giving Liberty of Conſignment to any Merchant there.

Any Gentlemen inclining to ſhip Tobacco, may, for further Particulars, enquire of *Joſeph Mullan*, or the ſaid Maſter on Board.

N. B. To be Sold by the ſaid *Mullan*, a large Quantity of White SALT, good *Cheſhire* Cheeſe, *Liverpool* Ale (*Williamſon*'s), and a choice Parcel of Dry GOODS, conſiſting of *Iriſh* Linens, ⅞ths Sheeting, Oſnabrigs, Cottons, Frizes, Hard Ware, Saddlery, and Nails.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *on Wedneſday the Eighteenth of* November *Inſt. at the Houſe of Mr.* Arthur Charlton *in* Frederick-Town, Frederick *County*,

THE following Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to Mr. *James Wardrop*, deceaſed.

One Tract of Land called *Hazard*, containing	790	Acres.
One Ditto called *Partnerſhip*,	280	
—— —— *Dearbought*,	500	
—— —— *Wooden Platter*,	327	
—— —— *Brentford*,	35	
—— —— *Oxford*,	54	
—— —— *Cool Spring*,	75	
—— —— *Bloomſbury*,	104	
—— —— *John's Delight*,	104	
—— —— *Pine Hill*,	90	
—— —— *Nut Spring*,	114	
—— —— *Red Oak Level*,	100	

All lying in *Frederick* County.

At the ſame Time will be Sold to the higheſt Bidder, Part of a Tract of Land called *Exchange and new Exchange enlarged*, containing about 700 Acres, lying in *Frederick* County, near *Thomas Davis*'s Tavern.

For Title or Terms of Sale, apply to JAMES DICK.

Patuxent Iron-Works, *Sept.* 22, 1761.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subſcriber, about the 10th of *July* laſt, a Black Horſe about 14 Hands and an Inch high, with a large Star in his Forehead, and a ſmall Snip on his Noſe, was ſhod all round, paces naturally, and has a very remarkable long Walk. Whoever will bring the ſaid Horſe home, ſhall have Thirty Shillings, paid by JOHN SNOWDEN.

Baltimore, July 1761.

RELIGION, the crowning Excellence of intelligent Nature, claims the Approbation and cloſe Attention of every reaſonable Being, who expects future Bliſs. We are bound from Principles of Gratitude and Intereſt to promote the Honour and Worſhip of the ſupreme Mind, as neceſſary to our own Proſperity, the Good of Society, and future Happineſs of Man. Animated by theſe intereſting Motives, we, of the Preſbyterian Perſuaſion in this Town, deſire, not from Party Views, but from real Principle, to purchaſe a Lot of Ground to erect a decent Church for Divine Service, in which we may worſhip GOD according to our Conſciences. Upon Enquiry we find ourſelves as yet inſufficient to raiſe ſuch a Sum as is neceſſary to accompliſh ſuch an important Deſign, beg Leave therefore to ſollicit the Generoſity of our Fellow-Chriſtians to aſſiſt and encourage us in compleating a ſmall Lottery, at a Time when the Benevolence of our Countrymen is ſo well tried in this Way. We hope our Claim to the public Attention is equal to any that has ſollicited their Notice, and humbly expect that we ſhall meet with general Encouragement.

SCHEME of the LOTTERY.

Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	1500	is	1500
2	of	750	are	1500
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	200	are	600
4	of	150	are	600
5	of	100	are	500
10	of	50	are	500
10	of	40	are	400
10	of	30	are	300
10	of	20	are	200
20	of	10	are	200
30	of	8	are	240
2482	of	5	are	12410
2589	Prizes,		First drawn	30
2411	Blanks.		Laſt drawn	20
5000	Tickets at 4 Dollars each, are			20000

CONDITIONS.

THAT the Lottery ſhall be drawn in *Baltimore-Town* as ſoon as the Tickets are diſpoſed of, and previous Notice thereof ſhall be given in This and the *Pennſylvania* Gazette.

That a Deduction of Fifteen Dollars be made from every Prize of One Hundred Dollars, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Prize, thereby to raiſe the Sum intended of Three Thouſand Dollars. The Managers appointed are, Meſſieurs *John Smith* and *William Buchanan*, *John Stevenſon*, *Jonathan Plowman*, *William Lyon*, and *Nicholas Ruxton Gay*, of *Baltimore*; Mr. *David McCulloch*, of *Joppa*; Mr. *George Stevenſon*, of *York*; Col. *John Armſtrong*, of *Carliſle*; Dr. *David Roſs*, of *Bladenſburg*; Mr. *Peter Hubbert*, of *Dorſet*; and Mr. *Jonas Green*, of *Annapolis*; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath faithfully to diſcharge the Truſt repoſed in them.

A Liſt of the Prizes will be publiſhed in This and the *Pennſylvania* Gazette, after the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Money paid after the Deduction afore-mentioned. Prize Money not demanded in Six Months after the Publication of the Prizes, to be deemed as generouſly given towards this laudable Purpoſe, and to be applied accordingly.

TICKETS to be had of any of the Managers; of Mr. *Thomas Campbell*, Merchant, at *Nottingham*, and of Mrs. *Ramſay*, at the Head of *Severn*.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence, *Pennſylvania* Paper, will be taken in Payment for a Dollar, in the Purchaſe of Tickets, and to be paid in like Manner in Diſcharge of Prizes.

Charles County, *October* 1ſt, 1761.

THE Subſcriber has a large Quantity of TOBACCO, of good Weight, on *Patuxent* and *Patowmack*, for Sale; alſo a Parcel of NEGROES at his own Houſe, either for Ready or next Year's Pay; likewiſe ſome Horſes to diſpoſe of; and Land to Leaſe for a Dozen or Fifteen Years. SAMUEL HANSON.

The SHIP

ELIZABETH and ANNA,

LYING in the North-Weſt Branch of *Pataſco*, takes in TOBACCO at Eight Pounds Sterling *per* Ton, conſign'd to Meſſieurs ROBERT and JAMES CHRISTIE, Merchants in *London*.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living near *Upper-Marlborough*, on the 26th of *February* laſt, a Country-born Negro Fellow named *Anthony*, by Trade a Cooper, about 28 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 4 Inches high. He had on an old Cotton Coat with white Metal Buttons, Cotton Breeches, a Kerſey, and Swanſkin Jacket, Negro Shoes and Stockings, a Felt Hat, and an Oſnabrigs Shirt. But it is probable he will change his Apparel, as he had Variety of Cloaths with him. He has been uſed to work on board Ships in *Patuxent* River, and it is ſuppoſed is ſomewhere thereabouts.

Whoever will take up the ſaid Negro, and bring him home, ſhall have Forty Shillings, beſide what the Law allows, if taken in the County; and if taken out of it, Three Pounds, beſide what the Law allows, paid by JOHN GANTT.

Frederick-Town, June 1761.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR raiſing Sixteen Hundred Pieces of Eight, for Building a CHURCH for the Reformed CALVINISTS in *Frederick-Town*, *Frederick* County, to conſiſt of 4000 Tickets at Three Pieces of Eight each, *viz.*

Number of Prizes.		Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
1	of	500	is	500
2	of	300	are	600
3	of	150	are	450
4	of	100	are	400
10	of	50	are	500
12	of	40	are	480
20	of	30	are	600
35	of	20	are	700
200	of	8	are	1600
900	of	5	are	4500
1187	Prizes.		Firſt drawn Ticket	40
2813	Blanks.		Laſt drawn Ticket	30
			Sum raiſed	1600
4000	Tickets at 3 Dollars each, are			12000

BY the above Scheme there are not 2½ Blanks to a Prize, and the Profits retained are not 15 *per Cent* on the whole.

The Managers appointed are, Meſſieurs *Chriſtopher Edelin*, *Stephen Ranſburg*, *James Dickſon*, *Thomas Schley*, *Conrad Groſh*, *Caſper Shaaff*, *Thomas Price*, *Samuel Swearingen*, *Valentine Adam*, and *William Kimbol*, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of this Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes will be publiſhed in this Gazette, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed; and paid off without any Deduction.

N. B. Seven Shillings and Six-Pence *Pennſylvania* Currency, will be received for each Piece of Eight in the Sale of the Tickets, and the ſame Currency is to paſs upon the ſame Terms in paying off the Prizes.

Tickets may be had of any of the Managers, and at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*.

WHEREAS the Act of Aſſembly of this Province, made and paſſed in 1733, *for emitting and making current Ninety Thouſand Pounds*, is near Expiring; The Commiſſioners of the Loan Office therefore think it their Duty, to inform all thoſe who have any Bonds in that Office, to come and diſcharge the ſame; otherwiſe they will be proceeded againſt as the Law directs.

Signed per *Order*,

ROBERT COUDEN, Cl. P. C. Office.

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